

EXPERIMENT NO. 5

Qualitative Analysis

Where reagents are selected for use in a test, the **name** or **correct formula** of the element or compound must be given.

At each stage of any test you are to record details of the following:

- colour changes seen;
- the formation of any precipitate and its solubility in an excess of the reagent added;
- the formation of any gas and its identification by a suitable test.

You should indicate clearly at what stage in a test a change occurs.

If any solution is warmed, a **boiling tube** must be used.

Rinse and reuse test-tubes and boiling tubes where possible.

No additional tests for ions present should be attempted.

- 3 (a) **FA 4** is an aqueous solution containing a single cation and a single anion. The anion is either the sulfate ion, SO_4^{2-} , or the sulfite ion, SO_3^{2-} .

- (i) To an approximately 1 cm depth of **FA 4** in a test-tube, add aqueous sodium carbonate. Record your observations.

effervescence of a colourless gas which
formed white ppt with lime water.

[2]

- (ii) Select reagents to identify the anion present in **FA 4**. Carry out a test with these reagents and record your observations.

reagents ... aq. BaCl_2 and dilute HCl or HNO_3
observations ... white ppt with aq. BaCl_2
ppt remains insoluble in excess of
dilute HCl .

[2]

- (iii) Identify **FA 4**.

The formula of **FA 4** is ... H_2SO_4 ...

[1]

- (b) (i) **FA 5** contains one cation and two anions. Two of these ions are listed in the Qualitative Analysis Notes.
Carry out the following tests and record your observations.

test	observations
Add a small spatula measure of FA 5 to a hard-glass test-tube. Heat the sample gently at first and then more strongly.	*Condensation of water * green solid turned black
Pour a 4 cm depth of dilute sulfuric acid into a boiling tube. Carefully add the remaining FA 5 . Leave to stand until the reaction is complete. The solution produced is FA 6 . Keep FA 6 for use in the following tests.	effervescence of a colourless gas which formed white ppt with lime water. solid dissolved gives a blue solution
To a 1 cm depth of FA 6 in a test-tube add aqueous sodium hydroxide.	blue ppt ppt insoluble in excess
To a 1 cm depth of FA 6 in a test-tube add aqueous ammonia.	blue ppt ppt soluble in excess giving a dark blue solution.

[5]

- (ii) State the type of reaction observed when **FA 5** was heated.

Thermal decomposition

[1]

- (iii) Give the formula of the cation and one of the anions present in **FA 5**.

cation: Cu^{2+}

anion: CO_3^{2-}

[1]

[Total: 12]