

EXPERIMENT NO. 4

3 Qualitative Analysis

At each stage of any test you are to record details of the following.

- colour changes seen
- the formation of any precipitate
- the solubility of such precipitates in an excess of the reagent added

Where gases are released they should be identified by a test, **described in the appropriate place in your observations.**

You should indicate clearly at what stage in a test a change occurs.

Marks are **not** given for chemical equations.

No additional tests for ions present should be attempted.

If any solution is warmed, a boiling tube MUST be used.

Rinse and reuse test-tubes and boiling tubes where possible.

Where reagents are selected for use in a test, the name or correct formula of the element or compound must be given.

(a) In **Question 1** you used **FA 2**. This solution was prepared from hydrated ammonium iron(II) sulfate, $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{Fe}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

To a 1 cm depth of **FA 2** in a test-tube, add a small spatula measure of sodium carbonate. Record your observations.

Solutions containing Fe^{2+} ions can quickly be oxidised in air if they are prepared by dissolving the solid in distilled water.

Use your observations to suggest what other substance was added to solid $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{Fe}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ to prepare **FA 2**.

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[2]

(b) **FA 6** is a mixture of two salts, each of which contains a single cation and a single anion from those listed in the Qualitative Analysis Notes.

Do the following tests and record your observations in the table below.

| <i>test</i> | <i>observations</i> |
|---|---------------------|
| (i) Place a small spatula measure of FA 6 in a hard-glass test-tube and heat strongly. | |
| (ii) Place a small spatula measure of FA 6 in a test-tube and carefully add dilute sulfuric acid until the reaction is complete, then | |
| add aqueous sodium hydroxide. | |
| (iii) To a 3 cm depth of distilled water in a boiling tube, add the remaining sample of FA 6 . Stir and then filter the mixture into a clean boiling tube. You will use this solution for tests (iv)–(vi). | |
| (iv) To a 1 cm depth of the solution from (iii) in a test-tube, add aqueous sodium hydroxide. | |
| (v) To a 1 cm depth of the solution from (iii) in a test-tube, add aqueous ammonia. | |
| (vi) To a 1 cm depth of the solution from (iii) in a test-tube, add aqueous barium chloride or aqueous barium nitrate. | |

(vii) Suggest possible identities for the ions present in **FA 6**.

cations

anions

(viii) Describe a further test that would allow you to determine exactly which anions are present. Explain your choice. Do **not** do this test.

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[11]

[Total: 13]

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